

401-SH/501-SH Inverted Bucket Superheated Steam Traps

Carbon Steel or Stainless Steel for Vertical Installation For Pressures to 106 bar...Capacities to 430 kg/h





Model 401-SH

Description

Armstrong's 401-SH/501-SH Series inverted bucket steam trap line is made for overcoming the difficult combination of superheat and high pressure/low load service.

To survive this most severe steam service, Armstrong created an inverted bucket trap with a unique accumulation chamber. The chamber collects sufficient condensate to ensure full discharge cycles. A cup in the chamber floats up and down on the steam inlet tube, sealing it off as the condensate level rises. At the same time as the chamber collects condensate, steam continues to flow under the bucket, making sure that the discharge valve closes tightly until the condensate rises into the trap body and the bucket falls down. The operation is on/off, no throttling or dribbling. Furthermore, it combines all the advantages of an inverted bucket

steam trap:

- High resistance to wear, corrosion and water hammer with no gaskets.
- A unique leverage system multiplies the force provided by the bucket, to open the valve against system pressure.
- The mechanism is located at the top. No dirt can collect on the orifice. Small particles of dirt will be held in suspen sion until discharged by the full differential purging action.
- The discharge orifice is surrounded by a water seal, pre venting live steam loss. Automatic air venting is provided by a small hole in the bucket.
- Inverted bucket traps require no adjustment. They do not allow condensate backup and are resistant to water hamer.

Connections

crewed BSPT and NPT (401-SH only) Socketweld

Flanged DIN or ANSI (welded)

Maximum Operating Conditions

Maximum allowable pressure (vessel design)+: Model 401-SH: 69 bar @ 427°C Model 501-SH: 106 bar @ 454°C Maximum operating pressure: Model 401-SH: 69 bar

Model 501-SH: 106 bar

Maximum back pressure: 99% of inlet pressure

Model 501-SH

Materials Body:

Model 401-SH Model 501-SH Internals: Valve and seat: Connections: Model 401-SH Carbon steel ASTM A106 Gr. B Sch. 80 pipe Stainless steel 316L ASTM A312 Sch. 80 pipe Stainless steel - 304 Titanium

Stainless steel - 304 Model 501-SH Stainless steel – 316L

Specification

Inverted bucket steam trap, type 401-SH in carbon steel or 501-SH in stainless steel, with accumulation chamber, continuous air venting at steam temperature, stainless steel leverage system, with the discharge orifice at the top of the trap. Maximum allowable back pressure 99% of inlet pressure.

How to Order



- Model number Size and type of pipe connection. When flanges are re
- quired, specify type of flange in detail
- Maximum working pressure that will be encountered or orifice size

Table ST-102-1. Model 401-SH and Model 501-SH Bottom Inlet, Top Outlet Trap (dimensions in mm)								
Model No.	401-SH	501-SH						
Pipe Connections	15 – 20	15 – 20						
"A" Body Outside Diameter	100	100						
"B" Face-to-Face (screwed & SW)	279	350						
"BB" Height (flanged 401-SH PN100 & 501-SH PN250*)	356 – 390	476 – 480						
Weight in kg (screwed & SW)	5,5	7						
Weight in kg (flanged 401-SH PN100 & 501-SH PN250*)	6,7 – 7,3	13 – 13,5						

* Other flange sizes, ratings and face-to-face dimensions are available on request.

All models are CE Marked according to the PED (2014/68/UE).

+ May be derated depending on flange rating and type.

All dimensions and weights are approximate. Use certified print for exact dimensions. Design and materials are subject to change without notice.

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Installation Recommendations

What little condensate there is on superheat and high pressure/low load service usually forms in drip legs and in the traps themselves. Therefore proper piping and drip legs of adequate size and diameter are essential for the successful operation of the Armstrong superheat trap.

Drip Leg Sizing



The properly sized drip leg will capture condensate. Too small a drip leg can actually cause a venturi "piccolo" effect where pressure drop pulls condensate out of the drip leg and trap.



Trap Draining Drip Leg on Steam Main



Cycling – Discharge Valve Wide Open

With the steam feed tube to the trap chamber sealed, condensate flows through the condensate feed tube (from accumulation chamber) into the trap chamber. This sinks the inverted bucket, which opens the discharge valve, cycling the trap.



500 105 400 501-SH 401-SH 300 250 Capacity, kg/h 200 150 100 70 50 10 20 30 50 70 **100** 7 Pressure, bar

Table ST-103-1. Model 401/501 Capacity

Table ST-103-2. Recon	nmended Steam Main	n and Branch Line Dri	р
Leg Tracing			

M D)	H Drip Leg Length Minimum					
Steam	n Main	Drip	Leg	Supervised Automatic		matic		
Si	Size		Diameter		Warm-Up		Warm-Up	
mm	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	
15	1/2"	15	1/2"	250	10"	710	28"	
20	3/4"	20	3/4"	250	10"	710	28"	
25	1"	25	1"	250	10"	710	28"	
50	2"	50	2"	250	10"	710	28"	
75	3"	75	3"	250	10"	710	28"	
100	4"	100	4"	250	10"	710	28"	
150	6"	100	4"	250	10"	710	28"	
200	8"	100	4"	300	12"	710	28"	
250	10"	150	6"	380	15"	710	28"	
300	12"	150	6"	450	18"	710	28"	
350	14"	200	8"	530	21"	710	28"	
400	16"	200	8"	600	24"	710	28"	
450	18"	250	10"	685	27"	710	28"	
500	20"	250	10"	760	30"	760	30"	
600	24"	300	12"	910	36"	910	36"	



As steam begins to flow through

the accumulation chamber and

up the steam feed tube under

the inverted bucket in the trap

chamber, the discharge valve

closes tightly.



Cycle About to Repeat As the level of condensate rises in the accumulation chamber, the cup floats up until it again seals the steam feed tube, and the cycle repeats.

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Armstrong